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Context Aware Text Analysis

BUDSC-680

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# Business Problem

During Enron’s rise to the top, they were intertwined with multiple counts of fraudulent activity that could have been detected years before Enron’s fall if investigators had the right tools. I am trying to solve the problem by proposing a text analytics solution to it. In order to understand the motives of the fraudsters we have to analyze unstructured data, such as emails and memos. Finding the relevant information quickly from the huge pile of textual data is a daunting task for the auditors.

One way to tackle the problem is to use Text Analytics using NLP and pattern matching to facilitate timely fact extraction and data organization.

# Background/history

Enron Corporation was an American energy, commodities and services company based out of Houston, Texas. In 2001, they filed for bankruptcy. Before their Dec. 2, 2001 bankruptcy filing, Enron employed 20,000 staff. They were one of the world’s leading electricity, natural gas, communications and pulp and paper companies, with claimed revenues of nearly $101 billion in 2000. Later it was revealed that its reported financial condition was sustained substantially by an institutionalized, systematic, and creatively planned accounting fraud, known since as Enron scandal.

# Data explanation

## (Data Prep / Data Dictionary / etc)

The dataset was collected and prepared by the CALO project ( A Cognitive Assistant that Learns and Organizes). It contains data from about 150 users, mostly senior management of Enron, organized into folders. The corpus contains a total of about 0.5 million messages. This data was originally made public and posted to the web, by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission during its investigation. The dataset consists of 517,431 messages that belong to 150 users.

Although the dataset is huge but folders of particular users are often quite sparse. I decided to look into the sent emails folder. Through this approach I could avoid analyzing spam email or junk email folders.

Top 5 Users by Message count: Breaking down the email data by row

Users Count

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 0 | kaminski-v | 28465 |
| 1 | dasovich-j | 28234 |
| 2 | kean-s | 25351 |
| 3 | mann-k | 23381 |
| 4 | jones-t | 19950 |

+--------------------+---------+----------+--------------------+

| file| users| val| message|

+--------------------+---------+----------+--------------------+

|allen-p/\_sent\_mai...|username0| allen-p|Message-ID: <1878...|

|allen-p/\_sent\_mai...|username1|\_sent\_mail|Message-ID: <1878...|

|allen-p/\_sent\_mai...|username2| 1.|Message-ID: <1878...|

|allen-p/\_sent\_mai...|username0| allen-p|Message-ID: <1546...|

|allen-p/\_sent\_mai...|username1|\_sent\_mail|Message-ID: <1546...|

|allen-p/\_sent\_mai...|username2| 10.|Message-ID: <1546...|

# MetHods

I have used the email corpus in 2 separate forms.

Emails.csv [1]

Enron\_mail\_20150507.tar.gz[2]

The reason for using the 2 different sets was the ease of analysis. I have done some extensive study of the different analysis done so far on these corpus and found it fascinating about how this has helped in coming up with the different visualization and insights into the email corpus.

## Topic Modeling with LDA

Latent Dirichlet Allocation was performed on the dataset with the number of topics ranging from 4 to 10. As it is yet to be done so I am providing a sample of those here.

Listing below the top 10 terms for each topic

Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4

"message" "enron" "market" "thank"

"origin" "deal" "gas" "call"

"pleas" "agreement" "price" "time"

Topic-4  
Business Casual conversations

"email" "chang" "power" "meet"

"thank" "contract" "compani" "look"

"attach" "corp" "energi" "week"

"\_le" "fax" "trade" "day"

"copi" "houston" "busi" "dont"

"inform" "date" "servic" "vinc"

"receiv" "america" "manag" "talk"

Topic-3  
Core Energy Business realted

Topic-1  
Meeting Related

Topic-2   
Business Process/Operational

# Analysis

Chart, bar chart

Description automatically generated

Chart, histogram

Description automatically generated

# Overhead view of hands shaking over a business papersConclusion

In conclusion, although topic modelling and sentiment analysis do provide some useful insights into the data, it is still unclear as to whether they can be used as investigation tools. However, with that being said, there are some ways in which the analysis can be improved upon. For example, analysis can be conducted by focusing on users who directories are especially large, namely, Sally Beck (Chief Operating Officer), Darren Farmer (Logistics Manager), Vincent Kaminski (Head of Quantitative Modeling Group),Louise Kitchen (President of EnronOnline), Michelle Lokay (Administrative Assistant), Richard Sanders (Assistant General Counsel) and Williams III (Senior Analyst). This would ensure that only the emails of most relevant people to the scandal are examined and this might reveal more interesting patterns.

# Assumptions

* Takeaway #1
* Takeaway #2
* Takeaway #3

# Limitations

* The corpus of the emails were huge to be handled with a small laptop
* It was really difficult to analyse the context of some of the emails as they were mostly personal in nature

# Challenges

# Future Uses / Additional Applications

# Recommendations

# Implementation Plan

# Ethical Assessment

# References:

[1] Data Source: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/wcukierski/enron-email-dataset

[2] https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~enron/enron\_mail\_20150507.tar.gz

# Questions

1. What is the significance of looking into the emails?
2. What type of questions you are thinking that the emails can answer?
3. What type of sentiment analysis do you think you can do with the emails?
4. How do you plan to label the emails if at all you are thinking of doing it?